CASMEC Interest Session Singing is Listening: Engaging Mind and Ear in the Choral Rehearsal Saturday, February 18, 2023 1:00pm DT Salon B Polly Vasché, Clinician

Warming up Body and Mind

Mirror exercises, including stretching, breathing . . . A couple of brief rhythm games

Tuning the Ear

Sing A440 on *oo*; those with perfect pitch please refrain. Sing a scale using solfege, giving careful attention to the tuning of *mi* and *ti*. Sing opposing (2-part) diatonic and chromatic scales in moderate tempo and range; tune octaves and intervals.

Sing unison pitch on *noo* for 4, 8, 16 counts, ending ½ step sharp or flat. Sing a scale or passage skipping degrees or measures; sing with eyes closed.

Experiencing Overtones and Acoustics

Build SSA and TTBB chords, listening for overtones to step in when in tune. Singers turn out, toward each other, to the side, in a circle etc. Singers should be conscious of the acoustics in various rooms, theatres etc.

Refining Chord Changes

Sing SATB chords, moving each part and full chords by whole and ½ steps.

Keeping the ear active

Singers should be conscious of random pitches and voices in everyday life. Listen for ambient sounds such as lights buzzing, the vacuum, beeping trucks; guess the pitch. Be aware of spoken voice registers and qualities – S,A,T, or B?

Use of Piano We learn by imitating what we hear, and from an early age.

In general, use the piano as little as possible in rehearsal because

- 1) it is even-tempered, while the voice is able to tune in infinite degrees, and
- 2) the piano is a percussive instrument by nature; the voice is not.
- **Q&A** and *ideas from attendees* as time allows. We'll finish in time to get to the Honor Choirs concert at 2:00pm!! Thank you for coming today, and best wishes – PV